# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### 1. Identification

Product name : Veet for Men Hair Removal Cream

 SDS no.
 : ▶8411575

 Formulation #
 : ₱309807

 Supplier
 : ▶USTRALIA

RECKITT BENCKISER (AUSTRALIA) PTY LIMITED

680 George St, Sydney, NSW 2000

Tel: +61 (02) 9857 2000

**NEW ZEALAND** 

Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand 0622

Tel: +64 9 484 1400

Poison Information contact: : Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

<u>Uses</u>

Product use : Depilatory Cream Consumer use

### 2 Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

SÉRIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 





Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

**Prevention**: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse

cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or

attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	≤5	CAS: 34452-51-2 EC: 252-038-4
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-octadecyl-omega-hydroxy-	≤3	CAS: 9005-00-9 EC: 500-017-8
Slaked lime	≤3	CAS: 1305-62-0 EC: 215-137-3
Glycerol	≤3	CAS: 56-81-5 EC: 200-289-5
White mineral oil, petroleum	≤3	CAS: 8042-47-5 EC: 232-455-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 4 First-aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Set medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Eet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Eet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Eet medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### **Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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### 4 First-aid measures

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5 Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : Not applicable

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### Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# 7 Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Australia** 

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure standard allocated.

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)	
	[Thioglycolic acid and salts] Absorbed	
	through skin,Skin sensitiser.	
	TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm.	
Slaked lime	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³.	
Glycerol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)	
•	TWA 8 hours: 10 mg/m³.	
White mineral oil, petroleum	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)	
• •	[Oil mist, refined mineral]	
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Mist.	

#### **New Zealand**

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure standard allocated.

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Wuser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid. [Cream]

Colour : White.

Odour : Not available.

Odour threshold : Not determined

pH : 12.2 to 12.6

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial : Not available.

boiling point and boiling range

Flash point : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapour pressure: Not available.Relative vapour density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble
hot water	Soluble

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Decomposition temperature :

Not available.Not available.

Viscosity

: Dynamic (room temperature): 40000 to 250000 mPa·s (40000 to 250000 cP)

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## 10 Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

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# 10 Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

### should not be produced.

# 11 Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Slaked lime	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-
Glycerol	LD50 Oral	Rat	12600 mg/kg	-
White mineral oil, petroleum	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-octadecyl-omega-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Man	-	48 hours 20 %	-
hydroxy- Slaked lime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes : Calculation method Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : Calculation method May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	3 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

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# 11 Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetic acid, mercapto-, monopotassium salt	Category 2	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity **Germ Cell Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

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# 11 Toxicological information

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

# 12 Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Slaked lime	Acute LC50 33884.4 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus</i> - Fingerling	96 hours
Glycerol	Acute LC50 10000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia Fish	24 hours 24 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Glycerol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	92 % - 30 days	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Glycerol	-	-	Readily
White mineral oil, petroleum	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-octadecyl-omega- hydroxy-	-	387.5	Low
Glycerol White mineral oil, petroleum	-1.76 >6	-	Low High

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects :

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.

# 13 Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

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# **Disposal considerations**

liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14 Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Hazchem code** : Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# 15 Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled

Australia inventory of **Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)**  : All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand Inventory of** Chemicals (NZIoC)

: All components are listed or exempted.

**HSNO Group Standard HSNO Approval Number**  : Cosmetic Products

**Approved Handler** 

: HSR002552

Requirement

: No.

: No. **Tracking Requirement** 

### 16 Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

SWA = Safe Work Australia

HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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### 16 Other information

Date of issue / Date of

revision

: 07/03/2025

Version : 1

(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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